CALIFORNIA OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH STANDARDS BOARD

TITLE 8, DIVISION 1, CHAPTER 4

Subchapter 4. Construction Safety Orders Article 3. General

Amend section 1512 as follows:

§1512. Emergency Medical Services and First Aid.

- (a) Provision of Services. Where more than one employer is involved in a single construction project on a given construction site, each employer is responsible to ensure the availability of emergency medical services for its employees. The employers on the project may agree to ensure employee access to emergency medical services for the combined work force present at the job site. Such an emergency medical service program shall be adequate to service the combined work force present, but only one emergency medical program need be established at such site.
- (b) Appropriately Trained Person. Each employer shall ensure the availability of a suitable number of appropriately trained persons to render first aid. Where more than one employer is involved in a single construction project on a given construction site, the employers may form a pool of appropriately trained persons. However, such pool shall be large enough to service the combined work forces of such employers.

EXCEPTION: Engineering contractors or service providers on a job site not engaged in construction activity (e.g., operation of tools, equipment or machinery directly associated with construction) that are in compliance with the requirements of <u>Section 3400(b)</u> of the General Industry Safety Orders.

- (c) First-Aid Kit.
- (1) Every employer working on or furnishing personnel on a construction project, on line crews and on other short duration or transient jobs shall provide at least one first-aid kit in a weatherproof container. The contents of the first-aid kit shall be checked by the employer before being sent out on each job and at least weekly on each job inspected regularly to ensure that the expended items are promptly replaced. The contents of the first-aid kit shall be arranged to be quickly found and remain sanitary. All employees shall have ready access to a first-aid kit. The location of each first-aid kit shall be clearly indicated. First-aid dressings shall be sterile in individually sealed packages for each item. The minimum types and quantities of materials in first-aid kits first aid supplies shall be determined by an employer-authorized, licensed physician or other licensed health care professional (PLHCP), as defined in section 5144, or shall meet the requirements of Table 1 of this section, which conforms with the requirements for Class A first-aid kits specified within the American National Standards Institute (ANSI)/International Safety Equipment Association (ISEA) Z308.1-2021, American

CALIFORNIA OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH STANDARDS BOARD

TITLE 8, DIVISION 1, CHAPTER 4

<u>National Standard for Minimum Requirements for Workplace First-Aid Kits and Supplies.</u> in accordance with the following Table:

Supplies for First Aid	Type of Supply Required by Number of Employees			
Dressings in adequate quantities consisting of:	1-5	6-15	16-200	over 200
1. Adhesive dressings	X	X	×	×
2. Adhesive tape rolls, 1 inch wide	X	X	X	X
3. Eye dressing packet	X	X	X	×
4. 1-inch gauze bandage roll or compress		X	X	×
5. 2-inch gauze bandage roll or compress	X	X	X	X
6. 4-inch gauze bandage roll or compress		X	X	×
7. Sterile gauze pads, 2-inch square	X	X	X	×
8. Sterile gauze pads, 4 inch square	X	X	X	×
9. Sterile surgical pads suitable for				
pressure dressings			×	×
10. Triangular bandages	X	X	×	×
11. Safety pins	X	X	×	×
12. Tweezers and scissors	X	X	X	×
* Additional equipment in adequate				
Quantities consisting of:				
13. Cotton-tipped applicators			X	X
14. Forceps			X	X
15. Emesis basin			X	X
16. Flashlight			X	X
17. Magnifying glass			X	X
18. Portable oxygen and its				
breathing equipment				X
19. Tongue depressors				X
Appropriate record forms	X	X	×	X
Up-to-date 'standard' or 'advanced'				
f irst aid textbook, manual or				
equivalent	X	X	X	×

^{*}To be readily available but not necessarily within the first-aid kit.

CALIFORNIA OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH STANDARDS BOARD

TITLE 8, DIVISION 1, CHAPTER 4

Table 1: Minimum Requirements for First-Aid Kits

First-Aid Supply (Minimum Size or Volume)	Minimum Quantity
Adhesive bandage, 1 x 3 in. (2.5 x 7.5 cm)	<u>16</u>
Adhesive tape, 2.5 yd (2.3 m) total	<u>1</u>
Antibiotic application, 1/57 oz (0.5 g)	<u>10</u>
Antiseptic, 1/57 oz (0.5 g)	<u>10</u>
Breathing barrier	<u>1</u>
Burn dressing (gel soaked), 4 x 4 in. (10 x 10 cm)	<u>1</u>
Burn treatment, 1/32 oz (0.9 g)	<u>10</u>
Cold pack*, 4 x 5 in. (10 x 12.5 cm)	<u>1</u>
Eye covering w/means of attachment, 2.9 sq. in. (19 sq. cm)	<u>2</u>
Eye/skin wash, 1 fluid oz (29.6 ml) total	<u>1</u>
First-aid guide**	<u>1</u>
Foil blanket, 52 x 84 in. (132 x 213 cm)	<u>1</u>
Hand sanitizer, 1/32 oz (0.9 g)	<u>10</u>
Medical exam gloves	2 pair
Roller bandage, 2 in. x 4 yd (5 cm x 3.66 m)	<u>1</u>
Scissors***	<u>1</u>
Sterile pad, 3 x 3 in. (7.5 x 7.5 cm)	<u>2</u>
<u>Trauma pad, 5 x 9 in. (12.7 x 22.9 cm)</u>	<u>2</u>
Triangular bandage, 40 x 40 x 56 in. (101 x 101 x 142 cm)	<u>1</u>

^{*} In accordance with ANSI/ISEA Z308.1-2021, each cold pack shall reach a temperature between 20 and 40°F (-6 and 4°C) within 10 seconds of activation and shall maintain this temperature for a period of at least 10 minutes. Cold packs shall activate under normal hand pressure and shall not leak under normal conditions of use.

^{**} Topics included in the first-aid guide shall consist of those listed in Appendix A of this section, which complies with Appendix A in ANSI/ISEA Z308.1-2021.

^{***} In accordance with ANSI/ISEA Z308.1-2021, scissors shall be autoclavable, at least 3.5 in. long (8.9 cm), capable of cutting through clothing, feature a blunt end to protect a person from accidental injury, and of medical professional quality.

⁽²⁾ Other supplies and equipment, when provided, shall be in accordance with the documented recommendations of an employer authorized, licensed physician upon consideration of the

CALIFORNIA OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH STANDARDS BOARD

TITLE 8, DIVISION 1, CHAPTER 4

extent and type of emergency care to be given based upon the anticipated incidence and nature of injuries and illnesses and availability of transportation to medical care.

- (2) Based upon its size, the location(s) of employees, and the types of hazards in the workplace, the employer shall evaluate the need for, and shall provide:
 - (A) Additional first-aid kits to ensure ready access by employees; and
 - (B) Additional types and quantities of first-aid equipment and supplies appropriate to the types of hazards in the workplace.

NOTE to subsection (c)(2): Whenever first-aid materials for the treatment of chemical injuries are included in first-aid kits, the requirements of subsection 5194(h)(2)(E) for training on emergency procedures apply.

(3) Drugs, antiseptics, eye irrigation solutions, inhalants, medicines, or proprietary preparations shall not be included in first-aid kits unless specifically approved, in writing, by an employer-authorized PLHCP licensed physician.

(i) Written Plan. The employer shall have a written plan to provide emergency medical services. The plan shall specify the means of implementing all applicable requirements in this section. When employers form a combined emergency medical services program with appropriately trained persons, one written plan will be considered acceptable to comply with the intent of this subsection.

NOTE: The provisions of \underline{s} ection 1512 are not intended to exclude immediate treatment of minor injuries which do not require the services of a \underline{PLHCP} physician.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 142.3, Labor Code. Reference: Section 142.3, Labor Code.

<u>APPENDIX A – MANDATORY</u>

REQUIRED CONTENTS OF THE FIRST-AID GUIDE (ANSI/ISEA Z308.1-2021)

Emergency steps of assessing the scene and person, calling 9-1-1 or location emergency number

Establishing responsiveness

Establishing and maintaining an open and clear airway

Performing rescue breathing

Treating airway obstruction in a conscious victim

Performing CPR

TO

CALIFORNIA OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH STANDARDS BOARD

Using an AED

Recognizing the signs and symptoms of shock and providing first aid for shock from illness or injury

Assessing and treating a victim who has an unexplained change in level of consciousness or sudden illness

Methods of controlling bleeding, including direct pressure and tourniquet

Poisoning

Responding to medical emergencies

Chest pain

<u>Stroke</u>

Breathing problems

Anaphylactic shock and allergic

reaction

Hypoglycemia in diabetics insulin

Seizures

Reduced level of

consciousness

Impaled object

Wounds

Assessment of and first aid wounds including abrasions, cuts, lacerations, punctures, avulsions, amputations and crush injuries

Principles of wound care including infections precautions

Principles of body substance isolation, universal precautions and use of PPE

Burns

Assessment of the severity of a burn, including extent (size) and depth

Recognizing whether a burn is thermal, electrical or chemical, or caused by sun exposure and the appropriate first aid

<u>Temperature extremes</u>

Exposure to cold, including frostbite and hypothermia

Exposure to heat, including heat cramps, heat exhaustion and heat stroke

Musculoskeletal

<u>injuries Fractures</u>

Sprains, strains, contusions and cramps

Head, neck, back and spinal injuries

Eye injuries

Mouth and teeth injuries

Oral injuries, lip and tongue injuries, broken and missing teeth

Page 6 of 10

STANDARDS PRESENTATION

CALIFORNIA OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH STANDARDS BOARD

Bites and stings

Human and animal bites

Bites and stings from insects; instruction in first aid treatment for anaphylaxis

CALIFORNIA OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH STANDARDS BOARD

TITLE 8, DIVISION 1, CHAPTER 4

Subchapter 7. General Industry Safety Orders Group 2. Safe Practices and Personal Protection Article 10. Personal Safety Devices and Safeguards

Amend section 3400 as follows:

§3400. Emergency Medical Services and First Aid.

- (a) Employer shall ensure the ready availability of medical personnel for advice and consultation on matters of industrial health or injury.
- (b) In the absence of an infirmary, clinic, or hospital, in near proximity to the workplace, which is used for the treatment of all injured employees, a person or persons shall be adequately trained to render first aid. Training shall be equal to that of the American Red Cross or the Mine Safety and Health Administration.
- (c) Employers shall evaluate the need for first-aid materials and shall ensure that there are There shall be adequate quantities and types of first-aid materials, approved by the consulting physician, readily available for employees on every job. Such materials shall be kept in a sanitary and usable condition. A frequent inspection shall be made of all first-aid materials, which shall be replenished as necessary.
 - (1) All employees shall have ready access to a first-aid kit. The employer shall furnish a sufficient number of first-aid kits to meet this requirement. The location of each first-aid kit shall be clearly indicated.
 - (2) The minimum types and quantities of materials in first-aid kits shall either comply with the requirements of Table 1 of this section, which conforms with the minimum requirements for Class A first-aid kits specified within the American National Standards Institute

 (ANSI)/International Safety Equipment Association (ISEA) Z308.1-2021 American National Standard for Minimum Requirements for Workplace First-Aid Kits and Supplies, , or shall be determined by an employer-authorized physician or other licensed health care professional (PLHCP), as defined in section 5144.
 - (3) Based upon its size, the location(s) of employees, and the types of hazards in the workplace, the employer shall evaluate the need for, and shall provide, additional firstaid kits and additional types and quantities of first-aid equipment and supplies.

CALIFORNIA OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH STANDARDS BOARD

TITLE 8, DIVISION 1, CHAPTER 4

Table 1: Minimum Requirements for First-Aid Kits

First-Aid Supplies (Minimum Size or Volume)	Minimum Quantity
Adhesive bandage, 1 x 3 in. (2.5 x 7.5 cm)	<u>16</u>
Adhesive tape, 2.5 yd (2.3 m) total	<u>1</u>
Antibiotic application, 1/57 oz (0.5 g)	<u>10</u>
Antiseptic, 1/57 oz (0.5 g)	<u>10</u>
Breathing barrier	<u>1</u>
Burn dressing (gel soaked), 4 x 4 in. (10 x 10 cm)	<u>1</u>
Burn treatment, 1/32 oz (0.9 g)	<u>10</u>
Cold pack*, 4 x 5 in. (10 x 12.5 cm)	<u>1</u>
Eye covering w/means of attachment, 2.9 sq. in. (19 sq. cm)	<u>2</u>
Eye/skin wash, 1 fluid oz (29.6 ml) total	<u>1</u>
First-aid guide**	<u>1</u>
Foil blanket, 52 x 84 in. (132 x 213 cm)	<u>1</u>
Hand sanitizer, 1/32 oz (0.9 g)	<u>10</u>
Medical exam gloves	<u>2 pair</u>
Roller bandage, 2 in. x 4 yd (5 cm x 3.66 m)	<u>1</u>
Scissors***	<u>1</u>
Sterile pad, 3 x 3 in. (7.5 x 7.5 cm)	<u>2</u>
<u>Trauma pad, 5 x 9 in. (12.7 x 22.9 cm)</u>	<u>2</u>
Triangular bandage, 40 x 40 x 56 in. (101 x 101 x 142 cm)	<u>1</u>

^{*} In accordance with ANSI/ISEA Z308.1-2021, each cold pack shall reach a temperature between 20 and 40°F (-6 and 4°C) within 10 seconds of activation and shall maintain this temperature for a period of at least 10 minutes. Cold packs shall activate under normal hand pressure and shall not leak under normal conditions of use.

^{**} Topics included in the first-aid guide shall consist of those listed in Appendix A of this standard, which complies with Appendix A of ANSI/ISEA Z308.1-2021.

^{***} In accordance with ANSI/ISEA Z308.1-2021, scissors shall be autoclavable, at least 3.5 in. long (8.9 cm), capable of cutting through clothing, feature a blunt end to protect a person from accidental injury, and of medical professional quality.

CALIFORNIA OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH STANDARDS BOARD

TITLE 8, DIVISION 1, CHAPTER 4

NOTE to subsection (c)(3): Whenever first-aid materials for the treatment of chemical injuries are included in first-aid kits, the requirements of subsection 5194(h)(2)(E) for training on emergency procedures apply.

(f)(1) A communication system for contacting a doctor PLHCP or emergency medical service, such as access to 911 or equivalent telephone system. The communication system or employees using the system shall have the ability to direct emergency services to the location of the injured or ill employee.

* * * * * * *

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 142.3, Labor Code. Reference: Section 142.3, Labor Code.

<u>APPENDIX A – MANDATORY</u>

REQUIRED CONTENTS OF THE FIRST-AID GUIDE (ANSI/ISEA Z308.1-2021)

Emergency steps of assessing the scene and person, calling 9-1-1 or location emergency	
<u>number</u>	

Establishing responsiveness

Establishing and maintaining an open and clear airway

Performing rescue breathing

Treating airway obstruction in a conscious victim

Performing CPR

Using an AED

Recognizing the signs and symptoms of shock and providing first aid for shock from illness or injury

Assessing and treating a victim who has an unexplained change in level of consciousness or sudden illness

Methods of controlling bleeding, including direct pressure and tourniquet

Poisoning

TO

CALIFORNIA OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH STANDARDS BOARD

Responding to medical emergencies

Chest pain

Stroke

Breathing problems

Anaphylactic shock and allergic

reaction

Hypoglycemia in diabetics insulin

Seizures

Reduced level of

<u>consciousness</u>

Impaled object

Wounds

Assessment of and first aid wounds including abrasions, cuts, lacerations, punctures,

avulsions, amputations and crush injuries

<u>Principles of wound care including infections precautions</u>

Principles of body substance isolation, universal precautions and use of PPE

<u>Burns</u>

Assessment of the severity of a burn, including extent (size) and depth

Recognizing whether a burn is thermal, electrical or chemical, or caused by sun

exposure and the appropriate first aid

<u>Temperature extremes</u>

Exposure to cold, including frostbite and hypothermia

Exposure to heat, including heat cramps, heat exhaustion and heat stroke

Musculoskeletal

<u>injuries Fractures</u>

Sprains, strains, contusions and cramps

Head, neck, back and spinal injuries

Eye injuries

Mouth and teeth injuries

Oral injuries, lip and tongue injuries, broken and missing teeth

Bites and stings

Human and animal bites

Bites and stings from insects; instruction in first aid treatment for anaphylaxis