

**Table 4. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work <sup>1</sup> by selected worker occupations and major industry sector, state government, California, 2014**

Occupation	State government 2,3,4	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	7,590	--	--	--	--	7,590	--	--	--	--	2,820	--	--	4,740	
Correctional officers and jailers	1,240	--	--	--	--	1,240	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1,240	
Psychiatric technicians	530	--	--	--	--	530	--	--	--	--	440	--	--	80	
Firefighters	490	--	--	--	--	490	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	490	
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	480	--	--	--	--	480	--	--	--	--	380	--	--	90	
Registered nurses	450	--	--	--	--	450	--	--	--	--	340	--	--	110	
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	330	--	--	--	--	330	--	--	--	--	50	--	--	290	
Operating engineers and other construction equipment operators	230	--	--	--	--	230	--	--	--	--	230	--	--	230	
First-line supervisors of correctional officers	170	--	--	--	--	170	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	170	
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	140	--	--	--	--	140	--	--	--	--	40	--	--	100	
Office clerks, general	140	--	--	--	--	140	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	110	
First-line supervisors of fire fighting and prevention workers	120	--	--	--	--	120	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	110	--	--	--	--	110	--	--	--	--	50	--	--	60	
Compliance officers	110	--	--	--	--	110	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	110	
Lifeguards, ski patrol, and other recreational protective service workers	80	--	--	--	--	80	--	--	--	--	60	--	--	--	
Human resources specialists	80	--	--	--	--	80	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	50	
Police, fire, and ambulance dispatchers	70	--	--	--	--	70	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	70	
Stationary engineers and boiler operators	70	--	--	--	--	70	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	60	
Cooks, institution and cafeteria	60	--	--	--	--	60	--	--	--	--	60	--	--	--	
Maintenance and repair workers, general	60	--	--	--	--	60	--	--	--	--	50	--	--	--	
Highway maintenance workers	60	--	--	--	--	60	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	60	
Psychiatric aides	50	--	--	--	--	50	--	--	--	--	50	--	--	--	
Painters, construction and maintenance	50	--	--	--	--	50	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	40	
Electricians	50	--	--	--	--	50	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	40	
First-line supervisors of food preparation and serving workers	50	--	--	--	--	50	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	50	
Medical equipment preparers	50	--	--	--	--	50	--	--	--	--	50	--	--	--	
Pharmacy technicians	40	--	--	--	--	40	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	

<sup>1</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>2</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>3</sup> Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>4</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 18, 2015