

**Table 3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>1</sup> by major occupational group and major industry sector, state government, California, 2014**

Characteristic	State government <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	7,590	--	--	--	--	7,590	--	--	--	--	2,820	--	--	4,740	
Management occupations	60	--	--	--	--	60	--	--	--	--	20	--	--	40	
Business and financial operations occupations	300	--	--	--	--	300	--	--	--	--	30	--	--	270	
Computer and mathematical occupations	20	--	--	--	--	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	20	
Architecture and engineering occupations	110	--	--	--	--	110	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	110	
Life, physical, and social science occupations	100	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	--	30	--	--	60	
Community and social service occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Education, training, and library occupations	60	--	--	--	--	60	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	40	
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	20	--	--	--	--	20	--	--	--	--	20	--	--	--	
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	1,320	--	--	--	--	1,320	--	--	--	--	970	--	--	350	
Healthcare support occupations	210	--	--	--	--	210	--	--	--	--	200	--	--	--	
Protective service occupations	2,510	--	--	--	--	2,510	--	--	--	--	140	--	--	2,370	
Food preparation and serving related occupations	260	--	--	--	--	260	--	--	--	--	210	--	--	50	
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	690	--	--	--	--	690	--	--	--	--	430	--	--	250	
Personal care and service occupations	20	--	--	--	--	20	--	--	--	--	20	--	--	--	
Sales and related occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Office and administrative support occupations	690	--	--	--	--	690	--	--	--	--	250	--	--	430	
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	40	--	--	--	--	40	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	40	
Construction and extraction occupations	450	--	--	--	--	450	--	--	--	--	60	--	--	390	
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	140	--	--	--	--	140	--	--	--	--	80	--	--	60	
Production occupations	120	--	--	--	--	120	--	--	--	--	30	--	--	90	
Transportation and material moving occupations	50	--	--	--	--	50	--	--	--	--	20	--	--	30	

<sup>1</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>2</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>3</sup> Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>4</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 18, 2015